

General Assembly

Governor's Bill No. 6368

January Session, 2009

LCO No. 2680

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Referred to Committee on Banks

Introduced by:

REP. CAFERO, 142nd Dist. SEN. MCKINNEY, 28th Dist.

AN ACT CONCERNING IMPLEMENTATION OF THE S.A.F.E. MORTGAGE LICENSING ACT.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective from passage) Sections 1, 2 and 11 of this
- 2 act, and sections 21 to 23, inclusive, of this act, may be cited as the
- 3 "Connecticut Law for Implementation of the federal S.A.F.E. Mortgage
- 4 Licensing Act of 2008".
- 5 Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) The activities of mortgage loan
- 6 originators and the origination or offering of financing for residential
- 7 real property have a direct, valuable and immediate impact upon
- 8 Connecticut's consumers, Connecticut's economy, the neighborhoods
- 9 and communities of Connecticut, and the housing and real estate
- 10 industry. The General Assembly finds that accessibility to mortgage
- 11 credit is vital to the state's citizens. The General Assembly also finds
- 12 that it is essential for the protection of the citizens of this state and the
- 13 stability of the state's economy that reasonable standards for licensing
- 14 and regulation of the business practices of mortgage loan originators

be imposed. The General Assembly further finds that the obligations of 15 16 mortgage loan originators to consumers in connection with originating 17 or making residential mortgage loans are such as to warrant the 18 regulation of the mortgage lending process. The purpose of this 19 section, sections 2 and 11 of this act and sections 21 to 23, inclusive, of 20 this act, is to protect consumers seeking mortgage loans and to ensure 21 that the mortgage lending industry is operating without unfair, 22 deceptive and fraudulent practices on the part of mortgage loan 23 originators. Therefore, to the extent not currently provided in title 36a 24 of the general statutes, the General Assembly establishes:

- (1) An effective system of supervision and enforcement of the mortgage lending industry, under sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the general statutes, as amended by this act, including the authority to: (A) Issue licenses to conduct business, including the authority to adopt regulations or procedures necessary to the licensing of persons covered under said sections; (B) deny, suspend, condition or revoke licenses issued; (C) examine, investigate and conduct enforcement actions as necessary to carry out the intended purposes of said sections, including the authority to subpoena witnesses and documents, enter orders, including cease and desist orders and order restitution and civil penalties and the removal and ban of individuals from office or employment.
- (2) That the Banking Commissioner shall have broad administrative authority to administer, interpret and enforce this section, sections 2 and 11 of this act and sections 21 to 23, inclusive, of this act, and adopt regulations implementing this section, sections 2 and 11 of this act and sections 21 to 23, inclusive, of this act, in order to carry out the intentions of the General Assembly.
- (3) That for the purposes of implementing an orderly and efficient licensing process, the commissioner may establish licensing regulations and interim procedures for licensing and acceptance of applications, and for previously registered or licensed individuals, the

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- 47 may establish expedited review commissioner licensing and 48 procedures.
- 49 Sec. 3. Section 36a-21 of the general statutes is repealed and the 50 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) Notwithstanding any provision of state law and except as provided in [subsection] subsections (b) and (d) of this section and subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 36a-534b, as amended by this act, the following records of the Department of Banking shall not be disclosed by the commissioner or any employee of the Department of Banking, or be subject to public inspection or discovery:
- 57 (1) Examination and investigation reports and information 58 contained in or derived from such reports, including examination 59 reports prepared by the commissioner or prepared on behalf of or for 60 the use of the commissioner;
- 61 (2) Confidential supervisory or investigative information obtained 62 from a state, federal or foreign regulatory or law enforcement agency; 63 and
 - (3) Information obtained, collected or prepared in connection with examinations, inspections or investigations, and complaints from the public received by the Department of Banking, if such records are protected from disclosure under federal or state law or, in the opinion of the commissioner, such records would disclose, or would reasonably lead to the disclosure of: (A) Investigative information the disclosure of which would be prejudicial to such investigation, until such time as the investigation and all related administrative and legal actions are concluded; (B) personal or financial information, including account or loan information, without the written consent of the person or persons to whom the information pertains; or (C) information that would harm the reputation of any person or affect the safety and soundness of any person whose activities in this state are subject to the supervision of the commissioner, and the disclosure of such

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information under this subparagraph would not be in the public interest.

- (b) The commissioner may, without waiving any privilege, disclose the records described in subsection (a) of this section for any appropriate supervisory, governmental, law enforcement or other public purpose. Any such disclosure shall be made under safeguards designed to prevent further dissemination of such records. In any proceeding before a court, the court may issue a protective order in appropriate circumstances to protect the confidentiality of any such record and order that any such record on file with the court or filed in connection with the court proceeding be sealed and that the public be excluded from any portion of the proceeding at which any such record is disclosed.
- (c) No director, officer, employee or agent of any Connecticut bank or Connecticut credit union shall disclose without the prior written consent of the commissioner any information contained in an examination report about such bank or credit union, which information is not otherwise a matter of public record.
- (d) (1) The provisions of <u>subsections</u> (a) and (b) of this section shall not apply to the disclosure of [(1)] any record [that is] <u>provided to or</u> maintained by the commissioner with the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System. [to any supervisory, governmental or law enforcement agency that is authorized to access such record on the system, provided such record shall remain the property of the Department of Banking and may not be further disclosed to any person without the consent of the commissioner, or (2) any record of a licensee that is maintained by the commissioner with such system to such licensee. No person may obtain information from the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System that could not otherwise be obtained under state law. No information obtained from the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System shall be admissible as evidence in, or used to initiate, a civil proceeding in this state unless such information

- 110 would otherwise be admissible in such proceeding under state law.] Except as otherwise provided in Section 1512 of the federal S.A.F.E. 111 112 Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008, any requirements under federal law 113 or any law of this state, including this section and chapter 14 and any privilege arising under federal law or any law of this state, including 114 115 the rules of any federal court or court of this state that protect the 116 disclosure of any record provided to or maintained with the System, 117 shall continue to apply to such record after it has been disclosed to the System. Such record may be shared with all state and federal 118 119 regulatory officials that have oversight authority over the mortgage 120 industry without the loss of privilege or the loss of confidentiality protections provided by federal law or the laws of this state. For 121 122 purposes of this subsection, the commissioner may enter into agreements or sharing arrangements with other governmental 123 124 agencies, the Conference of State Bank Supervisors, the American 125 Association of Residential Mortgage Regulators or associations representing governmental agencies. 126
- 127 (2) Any information or material that is protected from disclosure under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not be subject to (A) 128 disclosure under any federal or state law governing disclosure to the 129 130 public of information held by an officer or agency of the federal 131 government or the respective state; or (B) subpoena, discovery or 132 admission into evidence in any private civil action or administrative 133 process, except a person may, at such person's discretion, waive in 134 whole or in part a privilege held by the System concerning such 135 information and material.
- 136 (3) Any law of this state relating to the disclosure of confidential 137 supervisory information or of any information or material described in 138 subdivision (1) of this subsection that is inconsistent with subdivision 139 (1) shall be superseded by the requirements of this subsection.
- 140 (e) The confidentiality provisions of this section shall not apply to 141 records relating to the employment history of, and publicly

- 142 adjudicated disciplinary and enforcement actions against, mortgage
- 143 loan originators that are included in the System for access by the
- 144 public.
- 145 (f) For purposes of this section, "System" has the same meaning as
- 146 provided in section 36a-485, as amended by this act.
- 147 Sec. 4. Section 36a-485 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 148 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 149 As used in this section and sections 36a-486 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as
- 150 <u>amended by this act</u>, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 151 (1) "Advance fee" means any consideration paid or given, directly or
- 152 indirectly, to a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or
- 153 mortgage broker required to be licensed pursuant to sections 36a-485
- 154 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act, prior to the closing of a
- 155 <u>residential</u> mortgage loan to any person, including, but not limited to,
- 156 loan fees, points, broker's fees or commissions, transaction fees or
- 157 similar prepaid finance charges;
- 158 (2) "Advertise", [or] "advertisement" or "advertising" means the use
- 159 of any announcement, statement, assertion or representation that is
- 160 placed before the public in a newspaper, magazine or other
- publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter or 161
- 162 poster or over any radio or television station, by means of the Internet,
- 163 or by other electronic means of distributing information, by personal
- 164 contact, or in any other way;
- 165 (3) "Branch office" means a location other than the main office at
- 166 which a licensee or any person on behalf of a licensee acts as a
- 167 mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker;
- 168 (4) "Depository institution" has the same meaning as provided in
- 169 Section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 USC 1813, and
- 170 includes any Connecticut credit union, federal credit union or out-of-
- 171 state credit union;

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- 172 (5) "Federal banking agencies" means the Board of Governors of the 173 Federal Reserve System, the Comptroller of the Currency, the Director 174 of the Office of Thrift Supervision, the National Credit Union Administration and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; 175
- 176 [(4)] (6) "First mortgage loan" means a [loan or an extension of 177 credit, including, but not limited to, an extension of credit pursuant to 178 a contract or an assigned contract for the sale of goods or services, 179 made to a natural person, the proceeds of which are to be used 180 primarily for personal, family or household purposes, and which 181 residential mortgage loan that is secured by a first mortgage; [upon 182 any interest in one-to-four-family owner-occupied residential property 183 located in this state which is not subject to any prior mortgages and 184 includes the renewal or refinancing of an existing first mortgage loan;
- 185 [(5)] (7) "Main office" means the main address designated on the 186 [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System;
 - [(6)] (8) "Mortgage broker" means a person who, for a fee, commission or other valuable consideration, directly or indirectly, negotiates, solicits, arranges, places or finds a residential mortgage loan that is to be made by a mortgage lender or mortgage correspondent lender, whether or not the mortgage lender or mortgage correspondent lender are required to be licensed under sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act;
 - [(7)] (9) "Mortgage correspondent lender" means a person engaged in the business of making mortgage loans in such person's own name where the loans are not held by such person for more than ninety days and are funded by another person through a warehouse agreement, table funding agreement or similar agreement;
 - [(8)] (10) "Mortgage lender" means a person engaged in the business of making mortgage residential loans in such person's own name utilizing such person's own funds or by funding loans through a warehouse agreement, table funding agreement or similar agreement;

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[(9) "Mortgage loan" means a first mortgage loan or secondary mortgage loan;

[(10)] (11) "Mortgage loan originator" means an individual [who is employed or retained by, or otherwise acts on behalf of, a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker licensee who, for, or with the expectation of, a fee, commission or other valuable consideration, takes an application for or negotiates, solicits, arranges or finds a mortgage loan. "Mortgage loan originator" does not include (1) an officer, if the licensee is a corporation; a general partner, if the licensee is a partnership; a member, if the licensee is a limited liability company; or a sole proprietor, if the licensee is a sole proprietorship, or (2) an individual whose responsibilities are limited to clerical and administrative tasks and who does not solicit borrowers, arrange or find mortgage loans, take applications or negotiate the terms of loans] who takes a residential mortgage loan application or offers or negotiates terms of a residential mortgage loan for compensation or gain. "Mortgage loan originator" does not include (A) any person who does not otherwise come within the definition of mortgage loan originator and who performs purely administrative or clerical tasks on behalf of a mortgage loan originator; (B) a person who only performs real estate brokerage activities and is licensed in accordance with chapter 392, unless the individual is compensated by a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker or other mortgage loan originator or by any agent of such mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker or other mortgage loan originator; or (C) a person solely involved in extensions of credit relating to timeshare plans, as that term is defined in Paragraph 53D of 11 USC 101. For purposes of this subdivision, "administrative or clerical tasks" means the receipt, collection and distribution of information common for the processing or underwriting of a loan in the mortgage industry and communication with a consumer to obtain information necessary for the processing or underwriting of a residential mortgage loan;

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- 236 [(11)] (12) "Office" means a branch office or a main office;
- 237 (13) "Person" means an individual, corporation, company, limited
- 238 <u>liability company, partnership or association;</u>
- [(12)] (14) "Principal amount of the loan" means the gross amount
- 240 the borrower is obligated to repay including any prepaid finance
- charge that is financed, and any other charge that is financed;
- 242 (15) "Real estate brokerage activity" means any activity that involves
- 243 offering or providing real estate brokerage services to the public,
- 244 including (A) acting as a real estate agent or real estate broker for a
- buyer, seller, lessor or lessee of real property; (B) bringing together
- 246 parties interested in the sale, purchase, lease, rental or exchange of real
- 247 property; (C) negotiating, on behalf of any party, any portion of a
- 248 contract relating to the sale, purchase, lease, rental or exchange of real
- 249 property, other than in connection with providing financing with
- 250 respect to any such transaction; (D) engaging in any activity for which
- a person engaged in the activity is required to be licensed as a real
- 252 estate agent or real estate broker under any applicable law; and (E)
- offering to engage in any activity, or act in any capacity, described in
- 254 this subdivision;
- 255 (16) "Registered mortgage loan originator" means any individual
- 256 who (A) meets the definition of mortgage loan originator and is an
- 257 employee of a depository institution, a subsidiary that is owned and
- 258 controlled by a depository institution and regulated by a federal
- 259 banking agency, or an institution regulated by the Farm Credit
- 260 Administration; and (B) is registered with and maintains a unique
- 261 <u>identifier through the System;</u>
- 262 (17) "Residential mortgage loan" means any loan primarily for
- 263 personal, family or household use that is secured by a mortgage, deed
- of trust or other equivalent consensual security interest on a dwelling
- as defined in Section 103 of the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15
- 266 USC 1602, or residential real estate located in this state upon which is

267	constructed or intended to be constructed a dwellin	g	, as so	defined	l;
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- [(13) "Residential property" means improved real property used or 269 occupied, or intended to be used or occupied, for residential purposes;]
- 270 [(14)] (18) "Secondary mortgage loan" means [(A) a loan or an 271 extension of credit, including, but not limited to, an extension of credit 272 pursuant to a contract or an assigned contract for the sale of goods or 273 services, made to a natural person, the proceeds of which are to be 274 used primarily for personal, family or household purposes, and] a 275 residential mortgage loan that is secured, in whole or in part, by a 276 mortgage, [upon any interest in one-to-four-family owner-occupied 277 residential property located in this state, provided such property is 278 subject to one or more prior mortgages; [, and (B) the renewal or 279 refinancing of any existing loan or extension of credit described in 280 subparagraph (A) of this subdivision;
- 281 [(15)] (19) "Simulated check" means a document that imitates or 282 resembles a check but is not a negotiable instrument;
- 283 (20) "System" means the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry developed and maintained by the Conference of State 284
- 285 Bank Supervisors and the American Association of Residential
- 286 Mortgage Regulators for the licensing and registration of mortgage
- 287 lenders, mortgage correspondent lenders, mortgage brokers and
- 288 mortgage loan originators;

- 289 [(16)] (21) "Table funding agreement" means an agreement wherein 290 a person agrees to fund mortgage loans to be made in another person's 291 name and to purchase such loans after they are made; [and]
- 292 (22) "Unique identifier" means a number or other identifier assigned 293 by protocols established by the System; and
- 294 [(17)] (23) "Warehouse agreement" means an agreement to provide 295 credit to a person to enable the person to have funds to make 296 residential mortgage loans and hold such loans pending sale to other

- 297 persons.
- 298 Sec. 5. Section 36a-534b of the general statutes is repealed and the 299 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 300 (a) [The Banking Commissioner] (1) In addition to any other duties 301 imposed upon the Banking Commissioner by law, the commissioner 302 shall require mortgage lenders, mortgage correspondent lenders, mortgage brokers and mortgage loan originators to be licensed and 303 304 registered through the System. In order to carry out this requirement, 305 the commissioner shall participate in the [Nationwide Mortgage 306 Licensing System [for this state] and permit [such system] the System 307 to process applications for mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker and mortgage loan originator licenses in this 308 309 state and receive and maintain records related to such licenses that are 310 allowed or required to be maintained by the commissioner. For this 311 purpose, the commissioner may establish, by order or regulation, the 312 requirements and procedures necessary for participation in the 313 System, including, but not limited to: (A) Applicant background 314 checks for criminal history through (i) fingerprint or other databases, (ii) civil or administrative records, or (iii) credit history or any other 315 316 information as deemed necessary by the System; (B) fees to apply for 317 or renew licenses through the System; (C) license renewal or reporting dates; and (D) the process for amending or surrendering a license or 318 319 any other such activities as the commissioner deems necessary for 320 participation in the System. For the purpose of participating in the 321 System, the commissioner may waive or modify, in whole or in part, 322 by regulation or order, any requirement of sections 36a-485 to 36a-323 498a, inclusive, as amended by this act, and to establish new 324 requirements as reasonably necessary to participate in the System.
- 325 (2) The commissioner shall report regularly to the System violations of and enforcement actions under sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, 326 327 inclusive, as amended by this act, sections 21 and 22 of this act and
- 328 other relevant information.

- 329 (3) The commissioner may establish relationships or enter into 330 contracts with the System or other entities designated by the System to 331 collect and maintain records and process transaction fees or other fees 332 related to licensees or other persons subject to sections 36a-485 to 36a-333 498a, inclusive, as amended by this act.
- 334 (4) For the purposes of sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as 335 amended by this act, and to reduce the points of contact that the 336 Federal Bureau of Investigation may have to maintain under the 337 federal S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act, the commissioner may use 338 the System as a channeling agent for requesting information from and 339 distributing information to the United States Department of Justice or 340 any governmental agency.
- 341 (5) For the purposes of sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as 342 amended by this act, and to reduce the points of contact that the commissioner may have to maintain, the commissioner may use the 343 System as a channeling agent for requesting and distributing 344 information to and from any source, as directed by the commissioner. 345
- 346 (6) The commissioner shall establish a process whereby mortgage 347 lenders, mortgage correspondent lenders, mortgage brokers and mortgage loan originators may challenge information entered into the 348 349 System by the commissioner.
 - (b) (1) Each first mortgage lender license and secondary mortgage lender license in existence on June 30, 2008, shall be deemed on and after July 1, 2008, to be a mortgage lender license, as defined in section 36a-485, as amended by this act; (2) each first mortgage correspondent lender license and secondary mortgage correspondent lender license in existence on June 30, 2008, shall be deemed on and after July 1, 2008, to be a mortgage correspondent lender license, as defined in section 36a-485, as amended by this act; (3) each first mortgage broker license and secondary mortgage broker license in existence on June 30, 2008, shall be deemed on and after July 1, 2008, to be a mortgage broker license, as defined in section 36a-485, as amended by this act; and (4) each

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- originator registration in existence on June 30, 2008, shall be deemed on and after July 1, 2008, to be a mortgage loan originator license, as defined in section 36a-485, as amended by this act.
- (c) (1) Each person licensed on July 1, 2008, as a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker or mortgage loan originator shall, prior to October 1, 2008, transition on to the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System by submitting all licensing and license-related information required by the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System for this state.
- 370 (2) On and after July 1, 2008, any licensing or license-related filings 371 shall be submitted exclusively through the [Nationwide Mortgage 372 Licensing] System.
- 373 (3) Any person making any filing or submission of any information 374 on the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System shall do so in 375 accordance with the procedures and requirements of [such system] the 376 System and pay the applicable fees or charges to [such system] the 377 System. Each mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, 378 mortgage broker and mortgage loan originator licensee shall submit to 379 the System reports of condition that shall be in such form and shall 380 contain such information as the System may require.
 - (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, any initial application for a license submitted on the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System between October 1, 2008, and December 31, 2008, shall not be approved by the commissioner prior to January 1, 2009.
- (e) For purposes of this section, "System" has the same meaning as provided in section 36a-485, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 6. Section 36a-498c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- At least once a year, each mortgage lender and mortgage correspondent lender, both as defined in section 36a-485, as amended

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391 by this act, and licensed under section 36a-489, as amended by this act, 392 shall adopt a mortgage loan policy with respect to subprime mortgage 393 loans and nontraditional mortgage loans made by such mortgage 394 lender or such mortgage correspondent lender based on and consistent 395 with the most current version of the Conference of State Bank 396 Supervisors, American Association of Residential Mortgage Regulators 397 and National Association of Consumer Credit Administrators 398 Statement on Subprime Mortgage Lending, and the Conference of 399 State Bank Supervisors and American Association of Residential 400 Mortgage Regulators Guidance on Nontraditional Mortgage Product 401 Risks. Such licensees shall comply with such policy and develop and 402 implement internal controls that are reasonably designed to ensure 403 such compliance. The mortgage loan policy and any residential 404 mortgage loan, as defined in section 36a-485, as amended by this act, 405 made pursuant to the policy shall be subject to examination concerning 406 by the [Banking prudent lending practices Commissioner] 407 commissioner.

- Sec. 7. Section 36a-486 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 410 (a) No person shall engage in the business of making mortgage 411 loans or act as a mortgage broker in this state unless such person has 412 first obtained the required license for its main office and each branch 413 office where such business is conducted in accordance with the 414 provisions of sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by 415 this act. A person, other than a licensed mortgage loan originator 416 acting on behalf of the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent 417 lender or mortgage broker, that employs or retains such mortgage loan 418 originator, shall be deemed to be engaged in the business of making 419 residential mortgage loans if such person advertises, causes to be 420 advertised, solicits, offers to make or makes residential mortgage 421 loans, either directly or indirectly. A mortgage correspondent lender 422 shall not be deemed to be acting as a mortgage lender if such mortgage 423 correspondent lender makes a loan utilizing its own funds in a

424 situation where another person does not honor such person's 425 commitment to fund the loan.

- 426 (b) (1) No person licensed as a mortgage lender, mortgage 427 correspondent lender or mortgage broker shall employ or retain a 428 mortgage loan originator unless such mortgage loan originator is 429 licensed under sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by 430 this act. Unless specifically exempted under subdivisions (2), (3) and 431 (4) of this subsection, an individual may not engage in the business of 432 a mortgage loan originator without being licensed as a mortgage loan 433 originator under sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended 434 by this act. Each licensed mortgage loan originator shall register with 435 and maintain a valid unique identifier issued by the System. No 436 individual may act as a mortgage loan originator [without being 437 licensed, or act as a mortgage loan originator for more than one 438 person. The license of a mortgage loan originator is not effective 439 during any period when such mortgage loan originator is not 440 associated with a licensed mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker. Either the mortgage loan originator or the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker 442 443 may file a notification of the termination of employment of a mortgage 444 loan originator with the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System.
- 445 (2) Registered mortgage loan originators, when acting for an entity 446 described in subdivision (16) of section 36a-485, as amended by this 447 act, are exempt from sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as 448 amended by this act, sections 1, 2 and 11 of this act, and sections 21 to 449 23, inclusive, of this act.
- (3) An individual licensed as a mortgage lender, mortgage 450 451 correspondent lender or mortgage broker shall not be required to 452 obtain or maintain a license as a mortgage loan originator.
- 453 (4) An individual engaging solely in loan processor or underwriter 454 activities who does not represent to the public through advertising, other means of communication or by providing information, including 455

- 456 the use of business cards, stationery, brochures, signs, rate lists or 457 other promotional items, that such individual can or will perform any 458 of the activities of a mortgage loan originator shall not be required to 459 obtain and maintain a license under sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, 460 inclusive, as amended by this act. For purposes of this subdivision: (A) "Loan processor or underwriter" means an individual who performs 461 462 clerical or support duties as an employee at the direction of and subject 463 to the supervision and instruction of a person licensed, or exempt from 464 licensing, under sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by 465 this act; and (B) "clerical or support duties" may include (i) the receipt, 466 collection, distribution and analysis of information common for the 467 processing or underwriting of a residential mortgage loan; and (ii) 468 communicating with a consumer to obtain the information necessary for the processing or underwriting of a loan, to the extent that such 469 470 communication does not include offering or negotiating loan rates or 471 terms, or counseling consumers about residential mortgage loan rates 472 or terms.
- 473 (5) An independent contractor may not engage in residential mortgage loan origination activities as a loan processor or underwriter 474 unless such independent contractor obtains and maintains a license as 475 476 a mortgage loan originator under sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, 477 inclusive, as amended by this act. Each independent contractor loan 478 processor or underwriter licensed as a mortgage loan originator shall 479 have and maintain a valid unique identifier issued by the System.
- 480 (c) Each residential mortgage loan negotiated, solicited, arranged, placed, found or made without a license shall constitute a separate 482 violation for purposes of section 36a-50.
- 483 Sec. 8. Section 36a-487 of the general statutes is repealed and the 484 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 485 The following are exempt from licensing as a mortgage lender and 486 mortgage correspondent lender under sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act: 487

- 489 credit union, or out-of-state credit union that is federally insured,
- 490 provided subsidiaries of such institutions other than operating
- 491 subsidiaries of federal banks and federally-chartered out-of-state banks
- are not exempt from licensure;
- (2) Persons making five or fewer <u>residential</u> mortgage loans within any period of twelve consecutive months, provided nothing herein
- shall relieve such persons from complying with all applicable laws;
- 496 (3) Bona fide nonprofit corporations making <u>residential</u> mortgage
- 497 loans to promote home ownership for the economically
- 498 disadvantaged;
- 499 (4) Agencies of the federal government, or any state or municipal
- 500 government, or any quasi-governmental agency making residential
- 501 mortgage loans under the specific authority of the laws of any state or
- 502 the United States;
- 503 (5) Persons licensed under sections 36a-555 to 36a-573, inclusive, <u>as</u>
- 504 <u>amended by this act,</u> when making <u>residential</u> mortgage loans
- 505 authorized by said sections;
- 506 (6) Persons owning real property who take back from the buyer of
- such property a secondary mortgage loan in lieu of any portion of the
- 508 purchase price of the property;
- 509 (7) Any corporation or its affiliate [which] that makes residential
- 510 mortgage loans exclusively for the benefit of its employees or agents;
- 511 (8) Any corporation, licensed in accordance with section 38a-41, or
- 512 its affiliate or subsidiary, [which] that makes residential mortgage
- loans to promote home ownership in urban areas;
- 514 (9) Persons acting as fiduciaries with respect to any employee
- 515 pension benefit plan qualified under the Internal Revenue Code of
- 516 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the

- mortgage loans solely to plan participants from plan assets; and
- 519 (10) Persons making secondary mortgage loans to individuals 520 related to the maker by blood or marriage.
- 521 Sec. 9. Section 36a-488 of the general statutes is repealed and the 522 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) (1) The commissioner shall not issue a mortgage lender license, a mortgage correspondent lender license or a mortgage broker license to any person unless such person meets the following tangible net worth and experience requirements, as applicable: (A) The minimum tangible net worth requirement for a mortgage lender shall be two hundred fifty thousand dollars and the minimum tangible net worth requirement for a mortgage correspondent lender and a mortgage broker shall be (i) prior to March 2, 2009, twenty-five thousand dollars, and (ii) on and after March 2, 2009, fifty thousand dollars, and (B) a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker shall have, at the main office for which the license is sought, a qualified individual with supervisory authority over the lending or brokerage activities who has at least three years' experience in the mortgage business within the five years immediately preceding the application for the license, and at each branch office, the lender or broker shall have a branch manager with supervisory authority over the lending or brokerage activities who has at least three years' experience in the mortgage business within the five years immediately preceding the application for the license. As used in this subdivision, "experience in the mortgage business" means paid experience in the origination, processing or underwriting of mortgage loans, the marketing of such loans in the secondary market or in the supervision of such activities, or any other relevant experience as determined by the commissioner.
- (2) Each licensee shall maintain the net worth required by this 547 subsection and shall promptly notify the commissioner if such licensee's net worth falls below the net worth required by this

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(b) The commissioner may issue a mortgage lender license, a mortgage correspondent lender license, or a mortgage broker license. Each mortgage lender licensee may also act as a mortgage correspondent lender and a mortgage broker, and each mortgage correspondent lender licensee may also act as a mortgage broker. On and after July 1, 2008, an application for a license as a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker office or renewal of such license shall be filed with the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System and the following supplementary information shall be filed directly with the commissioner: (1) In the case of an initial application for a license for the main office, [or renewal of such license,] a financial statement as of a date not more than twelve months prior to the filing of the application which reflects tangible net worth, and if such financial statement is unaudited, the proprietor, general partner, or duly authorized officer, trustee or member shall swear to its accuracy under oath before a notary public; (2) a bond as required by section 36a-492, as amended by this act; (3) the history of criminal convictions for the ten-year period prior to the date of application of the applicant, the partners, if the applicant is a partnership, the members, if the applicant is a limited liability company or association, or the officers and directors, if the applicant is a corporation, and the person with supervisory authority at the office for which the license is being sought; (4) evidence that the qualified individual or branch manager meets the experience required by subsection (a) of this section; and [(4)] (5) such other information pertaining to the applicant, the applicant's background, the background of its principals, employees, and mortgage loan originators, and the applicant's activities as the commissioner may require. For the purpose of this subsection, evidence of experience of the qualified individual or branch manager shall include: (A) A statement specifying the duties and responsibilities of such person's employment, the term of employment, including month and year, and the name, address and telephone number of a supervisor, employer or, if self-employed, a business reference; and (B)

if required by the commissioner, copies of W-2 forms, 1099 tax forms or, if self-employed, 1120 corporate tax returns, signed letters from the employer on the employer's letterhead verifying such person's duties and responsibilities and term of employment including month and year, and if such person is unable to provide such letters, other proof satisfactory to the commissioner that such person meets the experience requirement. The commissioner may conduct a criminal history records check of the applicant, of each member, partner, officer or director of the applicant and of the person with supervisory authority at the office for which the license is sought, and require the applicant to submit the fingerprints of such persons as part of the application. The applicant shall submit such fingerprints for processing with the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System, as required.

(c) [On and after July 1, 2008, an] An application to license a person as a mortgage loan originator for a specified office or renewal of such license shall be filed, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, with the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System. [The applicant shall submit such fingerprints for processing with the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System, as required.] Each such form shall contain content as set forth by instruction or procedure of the commissioner and may be changed or updated as necessary by the commissioner in order to carry out the purpose of sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act, sections 1, 2 and 11 of this act, and sections 21 to 23, inclusive, of this act. In connection with any such application, the prospective mortgage loan originator or mortgage loan originator shall, at a minimum, furnish to the System information concerning the prospective mortgage loan originator's or mortgage loan originator's identity, including: (1) Fingerprints for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and any governmental agency or entity authorized to receive such information for a state, national and international criminal history background check; (2) personal history and experience in a form prescribed by the System, including the submission of authorization for the System and the commissioner to obtain an independent credit report obtained from a consumer

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- Reporting Act, 15 USC 1681a; and (3) information related to any
- 619 <u>administrative, civil or criminal findings by any governmental</u>
- 620 jurisdiction.
- Sec. 10. Section 36a-489 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 623 (a) [If the commissioner finds, upon] (1) Upon the filing of an 624 application for a license as a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker, the commissioner may not issue a license 625 626 unless the commissioner, at a minimum, finds that: [the] (A) The 627 applicant meets the requirements of subsection (a) of section 36a-488, [and that the financial responsibility, character, reputation, integrity 628 and general fitness of as amended by this act; (B) the applicant has 629 630 never had a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or 631 mortgage broker license revoked in any governmental jurisdiction; (C) 632 notwithstanding the provisions of section 46a-80, the applicant and [of] 633 the partners [thereof] if the applicant is a partnership, [of] the members 634 if the applicant is a limited liability company or association, and [of] 635 the officers, directors and principal employees if the applicant is a 636 corporation [, are such as to warrant belief that the business will be 637 operated soundly and efficiently, in the public interest and consistent 638 with the purposes of sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, and 639 sections 36a-760a to 36a-760h, inclusive, the commissioner may 640 thereupon issue the license] have not been convicted of, or pled guilty 641 or nolo contendere to, a felony in a domestic, foreign or military court 642 during the seven-year period preceding the date of the application for 643 licensing and registration, or at any time preceding such date of 644 application, if such felony involved an act of fraud, dishonesty or a 645 breach of trust, or money laundering, provided any conviction 646 expunged from the record shall not be considered a conviction for 647 purposes of this subdivision; (D) the applicant demonstrates financial 648 responsibility, character and general fitness such as to command the 649 confidence of the community and to warrant a determination that the

mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker will operate honestly, fairly and efficiently within the purposes of sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act; (E) in the case of an application for a license as a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker who is a sole proprietor and is not licensed as a mortgage loan originator, the applicant has completed the prelicensing education requirement described in section 11 of this act and passed a written test that meets the test requirement described in section 11 of this act; (F) the applicant has met the surety bond requirement under section 36a-492, as amended by this act; and (G) the applicant has not made a material misstatement in the application. If the commissioner fails to make such findings, [or if the commissioner finds that the applicant has made a material misstatement in such application, the commissioner shall not issue a license, and shall notify the applicant of the denial and the reasons for such denial. [Any denial of an application by the commissioner shall, when applicable, be subject to the provisions of section 46a-80.]

(2) The minimum standards for license renewal for a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker shall include the following: (A) The applicant continues to meet the minimum standards under subdivision (1) of this subsection, and (B) an applicant who is a sole proprietor and is not licensed as a mortgage loan originator has satisfied the annual continuing education requirements described in subsection (d) of section 11 of this act.

(b) (1) Upon the filing of an application for a mortgage loan originator license, the commissioner [shall license the mortgage loan originator named in the application unless the commissioner finds that such applicant or mortgage loan originator has made a material misstatement in the application or that the financial responsibility, character, reputation, integrity and general fitness of such mortgage loan originator are not such as to warrant belief that granting such license would be in the public interest and consistent with the purposes of sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, and sections 36a-

683 760a to 36a-760h, inclusive] may not issue a mortgage loan originator 684 license unless the commissioner, at a minimum, finds that the 685 applicant has: (A) Never had a mortgage loan originator license revoked in any governmental jurisdiction; (B) notwithstanding the 686 provisions of section 46a-80, not been convicted of, or pled guilty or 687 nolo contendere to, a felony in a domestic, foreign or military court 688 689 during the seven-year period preceding the date of the application for 690 licensing and registration, or at any time preceding such date of application, if such felony involved an act of fraud, dishonesty or a 691 692 breach of trust, or money laundering, provided any conviction 693 expunged from the applicant's record shall not be considered a 694 conviction for purposes of this subdivision; (C) demonstrated financial 695 responsibility, character and general fitness such as to command the 696 confidence of the community and to warrant a determination that the 697 mortgage loan originator will operate honestly, fairly and efficiently 698 within the purposes of sections 1, 2 and 11 of this act, and sections 21 699 to 23, inclusive, of this act and sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, 700 as amended by this act; (D) completed the prelicensing education 701 requirement described in section 11 of this act and passed a written 702 test that meets the test requirement described in section 11 of this act; 703 (E) met the surety bond requirement under section 36a-492, as 704 amended by this act; and (F) not made a material misstatement in the 705 application. If the commissioner denies an application for a mortgage 706 loan originator license, the commissioner shall notify the applicant 707 [and the proposed mortgage loan originator] of the denial and the 708 reasons for such denial. [Any denial of an application by the 709 commissioner shall, when applicable, be subject to the provisions of 710 section 46a-80.]

(2) The minimum standards for license renewal for a mortgage loan originator shall include the following: (A) The mortgage loan originator continues to meet the minimum standards for license issuance under subdivision (1) of this subsection, and (B) the mortgage loan originator has satisfied the annual continuing education requirements described in subsection (d) of section 11 of this act.

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- 717 Sec. 11. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) (1) In order to meet the 718 prelicensing education and testing requirement under section 36a-489 719 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, a person shall complete 720 at least twenty hours of education approved in accordance with 721 subdivision (2) of this subsection, which shall include at least (i) three 722 hours of instruction on relevant federal law and regulations; (ii) three 723 hours of ethics, including instruction on fraud, consumer protection 724 and fair lending issues; and (iii) two hours of training related to 725 lending standards for the nontraditional mortgage product 726 marketplace.
- 727 (2) For purposes of subdivision (1) of this subsection, prelicensing 728 education courses shall be reviewed and approved by the System 729 based upon reasonable standards. Review and approval of a 730 prelicensing education course shall include review and approval of the 731 course provider.
 - (3) Nothing in this subsection shall preclude any prelicensing education course, as approved by the System, that is provided by the employer of the applicant or an entity which is affiliated with the applicant by an agency contract, or any subsidiary or affiliate of such employer or entity.
- 737 (4) Prelicensing education may be offered either in a classroom, 738 online or by any other means approved by the System.
 - (5) A person who has successfully completed prelicensing education requirements listed in subdivision (1) of this subsection in another state shall be granted credit towards completion of the prelicensing requirements in this state, provided such out-of-state prelicensing education requirements are approved by the System.
- 744 (b) (1) In order to meet the written test requirement under section 36a-489 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, an individual shall pass, in accordance with the standards established under this 747 subsection, a qualified written test developed by the System and

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- (2) A written test shall not be treated as a qualified written test for purposes of subdivision (1) of this subsection unless the test adequately measures the applicant's knowledge and comprehension in appropriate subject areas, including ethics, federal law and regulation pertaining to mortgage origination, state law and regulation pertaining to mortgage origination, and federal and state law and regulation, including instruction on fraud, consumer protection, the nontraditional mortgage marketplace and fair lending issues.
- (3) Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit a test provider approved by the System from providing a test at the location of the employer of the applicant, any subsidiary or affiliate of the employer of the applicant or any entity with which the applicant holds an exclusive arrangement to conduct the business of a mortgage loan originator.
- 764 (4) (A) An individual shall not be considered to have passed a 765 qualified written test unless the individual achieves a test score of not 766 less than seventy-five per cent correct answers to questions.
 - (B) An individual may retake a test three consecutive times with each consecutive taking occurring at least thirty days after the preceding test. After failing three consecutive tests, an individual shall wait at least six months before taking the test again.
 - (c) A licensed mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker or mortgage loan originator who fails to maintain a valid license for a period of five years or longer, not taking into account any time during which such individual is a registered mortgage loan originator, shall retake the test.
- 776 (d) (1) In order to meet the annual continuing education 777 requirements under subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of section 36a-489

- 778 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, a licensed mortgage 779 lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker or mortgage 780 loan originator shall complete at least eight hours of education 781 approved in accordance with subdivision (2) of this subsection. Such 782 courses shall include at least (i) three hours of instruction on relevant 783 federal law and regulation; (ii) two hours of ethics, including 784 instruction on fraud, consumer protection and fair lending issues; and 785 (iii) two hours of training related to lending standards for the 786 nontraditional mortgage product marketplace.
 - (2) For purposes of subdivision (1) of this subsection, continuing education courses shall be reviewed and approved by the System based upon reasonable standards. Review and approval of a continuing education course shall include review and approval of the course provider.
- 792 (3) Nothing in this subsection shall preclude any education course 793 approved by the System that is provided by the employer of the 794 licensee or an entity which is affiliated with the licensee by an agency 795 contract, or any subsidiary or affiliate of such employer or entity.
- 796 (4) Continuing education may be offered either in a classroom, 797 online or by any other means approved by the System.
 - (5) A licensee may only receive credit for a continuing education course in the year in which the course is taken, and may not take the same approved course in the same or successive years to meet the annual requirements for continuing education.
 - (6) A licensee who is an instructor of an approved continuing education course may receive credit for the licensee's own annual continuing education requirement at the rate of two hours credit for every one hour taught.
- 806 (7) A person who has successfully completed the education 807 requirements listed in subdivision (1) of this subsection in another

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- state shall be granted credit towards completion of the education requirements in this state, provided such out-of-state education requirements are approved by the System.
- (e) For purposes of this section "nontraditional mortgage product" means any mortgage product other than a thirty-year fixed rate mortgage, and "System" has the same meaning as provided in section 36a-485 of the general statutes, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 12. Section 36a-490 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 817 (a) A mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender and 818 mortgage broker license shall not be transferable or assignable. No 819 licensee may use any name other than its legal name or a fictitious 820 name approved by the commissioner, provided such licensee may not 821 use its legal name if the commissioner disapproves use of such name. 822 Any licensee who intends to permanently cease engaging in the 823 business of making <u>residential</u> mortgage loans or acting as a mortgage 824 broker at any time during a license period for any cause, including, but 825 not limited to, bankruptcy, license revocation or voluntary dissolution, 826 shall file a surrender of the license for each office at which the licensee 827 intends to cease to do business, on the [Nationwide Mortgage 828 Licensing System, not later than fifteen days after such cessation, 829 provided this requirement shall not apply when a license has been 830 suspended pursuant to section 36a-51.
 - (b) A mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker licensee may change the name of the licensee or address of the office specified on the most recent filing with the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System if (1) at least thirty calendar days prior to such change, the licensee files such change with the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System and provides, directly to the commissioner, a bond rider or endorsement to the surety bond on file with the commissioner that reflects the new name or address of the office, and (2) the commissioner does not disapprove such change, in

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- 841 The licensee shall promptly file with the [Nationwide Mortgage
- 842 Licensing] System or, if the information cannot be filed on the
- 843 [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System, directly notify the
- 844 commissioner, in writing, of any other change in the information
- 845 provided in the most recent filing with the [Nationwide Mortgage
- 846 Licensing] System.
- 847 (c) The mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or
- 848 mortgage broker licensee shall promptly file with the [Nationwide
- 849 Mortgage Licensing System or, if the information cannot be filed on
- 850 the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System, directly notify the
- 851 commissioner, in writing, of the occurrence of any of the following
- 852 developments:
- 853 (1) Filing for bankruptcy, or the consummation of a corporate
- 854 restructuring, of the licensee;
- 855 (2) Filing of a criminal indictment against the licensee in any way
- 856 related to the lending or brokerage activities of the licensee, or
- 857 receiving notification of the filing of any criminal felony indictment or
- 858 felony conviction of any of the licensee's officers, directors, members,
- 859 partners or shareholders owning ten per cent or more of the
- 860 outstanding stock;
- 861 (3) Receiving notification of the institution of license denial, cease
- and desist, suspension or revocation procedures, or other formal or
- 863 informal regulatory action by any governmental agency against the
- 864 licensee and the reasons therefor;
- 865 (4) Receiving notification of the initiation of any action by the
- 866 Attorney General or the attorney general of any other state and the
- 867 reasons therefor;
- 868 (5) Receiving notification of a material adverse action with respect
- 869 to any existing line of credit or warehouse credit agreement;

- 870 (6) Suspension or termination of the licensee's status as an approved 871 seller or servicer by the Federal National Mortgage Association, 872 Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation or Government National 873 Mortgage Association;
- 874 (7) Exercise of recourse rights by investors or subsequent assignees 875 of <u>residential</u> mortgage loans if such loans for which the recourse 876 rights are being exercised, in the aggregate, exceed the licensee's net 877 worth exclusive of real property and fixed assets;

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- (8) Receiving notification of filing for bankruptcy of any of the licensee's officers, directors, members, partners or shareholders owning ten per cent or more of the outstanding stock of the licensee; or
- (9) Any proposed change in control in the ownership of the licensee, or among the officers, directors, members or partners of the licensee on a form provided by the commissioner. The commissioner may thereupon cause such investigation to be made as he deems necessary, as if the licensee were applying for an initial license. In the case of a corporation, "change in control" means a change of ownership by a person or group acting in concert to acquire ten per cent or more of any class of voting securities, or the ability of a person or group acting in concert to elect a majority of the directors or otherwise effect a change in policy of the corporation.
- (d) Each mortgage loan originator licensee shall promptly file with the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System or, if the information cannot be filed on the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System, directly notify the commissioner, in writing, of the occurrence of any of the following developments:
- 896 (1) Filing for bankruptcy of the mortgage loan originator licensee;
- 897 (2) Filing of a criminal indictment against the mortgage loan 898 originator licensee;
- 899 (3) Receiving notification of the institution of license or registration

- against the mortgage loan originator licensee and the reasons therefor;
- 903 or

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- 904 (4) Receiving notification of the initiation of any action against the 905 mortgage loan originator licensee by the Attorney General or the 906 attorney general of any other state and the reasons therefor.
- (e) Each mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker and mortgage loan originator license shall remain in force and effect until it has been surrendered, revoked, suspended or expires, or is no longer effective, in accordance with the provisions of sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act.
- 912 Sec. 13. Section 36a-491 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) (1) The expiration date of any mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender and mortgage broker license that expires on September 30, 2008, shall be extended to the close of business on December 31, 2008. On and after July 1, 2008, each mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker license shall expire at the close of business on December thirty-first of the year in which it is approved, unless such license is renewed, and provided any such license that is approved on or after November first shall expire at the close of business on December thirty-first of the year following the year in which it is approved. An application for renewal of a license shall be filed between November first and December thirty-first of the year in which the license expires, provided a licensee may file a renewal application not later than March first of the following year together with a late fee of one hundred dollars. Any such filing after December thirty-first shall be deemed timely and sufficient for purposes of subsection (b) of section 4-182. Each applicant for a license or renewal of a license as a mortgage lender or mortgage correspondent lender shall pay to the [Nationwide Mortgage

Licensing] System any required fees or charges and a license fee of eight hundred dollars, and each applicant for an initial or renewal license as a mortgage broker shall pay to the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System any required fees or charges and a license fee of four hundred dollars, provided each mortgage lender or mortgage correspondent lender licensee who is a licensee on September 30, 2008, who submits a renewal application shall, at the time of making such application, pay to the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System any required fees or charges and a license fee of nine hundred dollars and each mortgage broker who was a licensee on June 30, 2008, who submits a renewal application shall, at the time of making such application, pay to the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System any required fees or charges and a license fee of four hundred fifty dollars.

(2) Each mortgage loan originator license shall expire at such time as the license of the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker that employs or retains the mortgage loan originator expires, unless such mortgage loan originator license is renewed. Each mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker applicant and each mortgage lender licensee, mortgage correspondent lender licensee or mortgage broker licensee that files an application for a mortgage loan originator license shall pay to the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System any required fees or charges and a license fee of one hundred dollars for each mortgage loan originator, provided each mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker who is a licensee on September 30, 2008, who submits a renewal application for a mortgage loan originator shall, at the time of making such application, pay to the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System any required fees or charges and a license fee of one hundred twentyfive dollars. On and after January 1, 2010, each mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker filing an application for a mortgage loan originator license shall pay a license fee of one hundred dollars for each mortgage loan originator and any required fees or charges to the [Nationwide Mortgage Licensing] System.

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- (b) All fees paid pursuant to this section, including fees paid in connection with an application that is denied or withdrawn prior to the issuance of the license, shall be nonrefundable, provided such fees paid by an originator for a license that is not sponsored by a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker may be refundable. No fee paid pursuant to this section shall be prorated if the license is surrendered, revoked or suspended prior to the expiration of the period for which it was approved.
- 974 Sec. 14. Section 36a-492 of the general statutes is repealed and the 975 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) No mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, [or] mortgage broker or mortgage loan originator license, and no renewal thereof, shall be granted unless the applicant or prospective mortgage <u>loan originator</u> has filed a bond with the commissioner written by a surety authorized to write such bonds in this state, [in the sum of forty thousand dollars, the form of which shall be approved by the Attorney General. [, provided on and after August 1, 2009, the bond shall be in the sum of eighty thousand dollars.] If a mortgage loan originator is an employee or exclusive agent of a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker, the surety bond of such mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker may be used in lieu of the mortgage loan originator's surety bond requirement. The minimum amount of the bond shall be one hundred thousand dollars and the maximum shall be five hundred thousand dollars. The amount of the surety bond for initial applicants shall be one hundred thousand dollars. The amount of the surety bond shall be based on the aggregate annual dollar amount of loans closed by the licensee in this state in the preceding calendar year as reflected in the annual report filed by the licensee. For an aggregate annual dollar amount of loans closed less than fifty million dollars, the amount of the surety bond shall be one hundred thousand dollars, for an aggregate annual dollar amount of loans closed of at least fifty million dollars but less than two hundred fifty million dollars, the

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999 amount of the bond shall be two hundred fifty thousand dollars, and 1000 for an aggregate annual dollar amount of loans closed of two hundred 1001 fifty million dollars and greater, the amount of the bond shall be five 1002 hundred thousand dollars. Such bond shall be conditioned upon such 1003 licensee and any mortgage loan originator who is using the surety 1004 bond of a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or 1005 mortgage broker faithfully performing any and all written agreements 1006 or commitments with or for the benefit of borrowers and prospective 1007 borrowers, truly and faithfully accounting for all funds received from a 1008 borrower or prospective borrower by the licensee in the licensee's 1009 capacity as a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, [or a] 1010 mortgage broker or mortgage loan originator, and conducting such 1011 mortgage business consistent with the provisions of sections 36a-485 to 1012 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act. Any borrower or 1013 prospective borrower who may be damaged by failure to perform any 1014 written agreements or commitments, or by the wrongful conversion of 1015 funds paid by a borrower or prospective borrower to a licensee, may 1016 proceed on such bond against the principal or surety thereon, or both, 1017 to recover damages. Commencing August 1, 2009, any borrower or 1018 prospective borrower who may be damaged by a licensee's failure to 1019 satisfy a judgment against the licensee arising from the making or 1020 brokering of a nonprime home loan, as defined in section 36a-760, may 1021 proceed on such bond against the principal or surety thereon, or both, 1022 to recover the amount of the judgment. The commissioner may 1023 proceed on such bond against the principal or surety thereon, or both, 1024 to collect any civil penalty imposed upon the licensee pursuant to 1025 subsection (a) of section 36a-50 and any unpaid costs of examination of 1026 the licensee as determined pursuant to section 36a-65. The proceeds of 1027 the bond, even if commingled with other assets of the licensee, shall be 1028 deemed by operation of law to be held in trust for the benefit of such 1029 claimants against the licensee in the event of bankruptcy of the licensee 1030 and shall be immune from attachment by creditors and judgment 1031 creditors. The bond shall run concurrently with the period of the 1032 license granted to the applicant, and the aggregate liability under the

- 1033 bond shall not exceed the penal sum of the bond. When an action is 1034 commenced on a licensee's bond, the commissioner may require the 1035 filing of a new bond and immediately upon recovery on any action on 1036 the bond, the commissioner shall require the licensee to file a new 1037
- 1038 (b) The surety company shall have the right to cancel the bond at any time by a written notice to the licensee stating the date cancellation 1039 1040 shall take effect. Such notice shall be sent by certified mail to the 1041 licensee at least thirty days prior to the date of cancellation. A surety 1042 bond shall not be cancelled unless the surety company notifies the
- 1043 commissioner in writing not less than thirty days prior to the effective 1044 date of cancellation.
- 1045 Sec. 15. Subsection (a) of section 36a-493 of the general statutes is 1046 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 1047 passage):
 - (a) Each mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender and mortgage broker licensee shall maintain adequate records of each residential mortgage loan transaction at the office named in the license, or, if requested by the commissioner, shall make such records available at such office or send such records to the commissioner by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, or by any express delivery carrier that provides a dated delivery receipt, not later than five business days after requested by the commissioner to do so. Upon request, the commissioner may grant a licensee additional time to make such records available or send them to the commissioner. Such records shall provide the following information: (1) A copy of any disclosures required under part III of chapter 669; (2) whether the licensee acted as a mortgage lender, a mortgage correspondent lender, a mortgage broker, a mortgage lender and a mortgage broker, or a mortgage correspondent lender and a mortgage broker; (3) if the licensee is acting as a mortgage lender or mortgage correspondent lender, and retains the residential mortgage loan or receives payments

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thereon, an adequate loan history for those loans retained or upon which payments are received, itemizing the amount and date of each payment and the unpaid balance at all times; (4) the purpose for which the loan was made; (5) the original or an exact copy of the note, loan agreement or other evidence of indebtedness and mortgage deed; (6) a statement signed by the borrower acknowledging the receipt of such statement which discloses the full amount of any fee, commission or consideration paid to the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender and mortgage broker for all services in connection with the origination and settlement of the <u>residential</u> mortgage loan; (7) the name and address of the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender and the mortgage broker, if any, involved in the loan transaction; (8) a copy of the initial and a copy of the final <u>residential</u> mortgage loan application taken from the borrower; and (9) a copy of all information used in evaluating the application.

Sec. 16. Section 36a-494 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) (1) The commissioner may suspend, revoke or refuse to renew any mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker license or take any other action, in accordance with the provisions of section 36a-51, for any reason which would be sufficient grounds for the commissioner to deny an application for such license under sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act, or if the commissioner finds that the licensee or any proprietor, director, officer, member, partner, shareholder, trustee, employee or agent of such licensee has done any of the following: (A) Made any material misstatement in the application; (B) committed any fraud, misappropriated funds or misrepresented, concealed, suppressed, intentionally omitted or otherwise intentionally failed to disclose any of the material particulars of any residential mortgage loan transaction, including disclosures required by subdivision (6) of subsection (a) of section 36a-493, as amended by this act, or part III of chapter 669 or regulations adopted pursuant thereto, to anyone entitled to such

information; (C) violated any of the provisions of this title or of any regulations adopted pursuant thereto, or any other law or regulation applicable to the conduct of its business; or (D) failed to perform any agreement with a licensee or a borrower.

- (2) The commissioner may suspend, revoke or refuse to renew any mortgage loan originator license or take any other action, in accordance with the provisions of section 36a-51, for any reason which would be sufficient grounds for the commissioner to deny an application for such license under sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act, or if the commissioner finds that the licensee has committed any fraud, misappropriated funds, misrepresented, concealed, suppressed, intentionally omitted or otherwise intentionally failed to disclose any of the material particulars of any residential mortgage loan transaction or has violated any of the provisions of this title or of any regulations adopted pursuant to such licensee's business.
- (b) Whenever it appears to the commissioner that any person has violated, is violating or is about to violate any of the provisions of sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act, or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto, or any licensee has failed to perform any agreement with a borrower, committed any fraud, misappropriated funds or misrepresented, concealed, suppressed, intentionally omitted or otherwise intentionally failed to disclose any of the material particulars of any residential mortgage loan transaction, including disclosures required by subdivision (6) of subsection (a) of section 36a-493, as amended by this act, or part III of chapter 669 or regulations adopted pursuant thereto, to anyone entitled to such information, the commissioner may take action against such person or licensee in accordance with sections 36a-50 and 36a-52.
- 1128 <u>(c) (1) Whenever the commissioner finds as the result of an</u> 1129 <u>investigation that any person conducting business under sections 36a-</u>

1130 485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act: (A) Has violated 1131 said sections or any regulation or order issued thereunder; (B) has been 1132 convicted of a felony that would preclude licensing under said 1133 sections; or (C) no longer demonstrates the financial responsibility, character and general fitness to command the confidence of the 1134 1135 community and to warrant a determination that the person subject to 1136 said sections will operate honestly, fairly and efficiently, the 1137 commissioner may send notice to such person by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, or by any express delivery carrier that 1138 1139 provides a dated delivery receipt. The notice shall be deemed received 1140 by such person on the earlier of the date of actual receipt or seven days after mailing or sending. Any such notice shall include: (i) A statement 1141 1142 of the time, place and nature of the hearing; (ii) a statement of the legal 1143 authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing is to be held; (iii) a 1144 reference to the particular sections of the general statutes, regulations 1145 or orders alleged to have been violated; (iv) a short and plain 1146 statement of the matters asserted; and (v) a statement indicating that 1147 such person may file a written request for a hearing on the matters asserted not later than fourteen days after receipt of the notice. If the 1148 1149 commissioner finds that the protection of borrowers requires 1150 immediate action, the commissioner may suspend any such person 1151 from office and require such person to take or refrain from taking such 1152 action as in the opinion of the commissioner will effectuate the 1153 purposes of this subsection, by incorporating a finding to that effect in 1154 such notice. The suspension or prohibition shall become effective upon receipt of such notice and, unless stayed by a court, shall remain in 1155 effect until the entry of a permanent order or the dismissal of the 1156 1157 matters asserted.

(2) If a hearing is requested within the time specified in the notice, the commissioner shall hold a hearing upon the matters asserted in the notice unless such person fails to appear at the hearing. After the hearing, if the commissioner finds that any of the grounds set forth in subparagraphs (A) to (C), inclusive, of subdivision (1) of this subsection exist with respect to such person, the commissioner may

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- 1164 order the removal of such person from office and from any
- employment in the mortgage business in this state. If such person fails
- to appear at the hearing, the commissioner may order the removal of
- such person from office and from employment in the mortgage
- business in this state.
- Sec. 17. Section 36a-496 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- No person engaged in the business of making <u>residential</u> mortgage
- loans in this state, whether licensed in accordance with the provisions
- of sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act, or
- 1174 exempt from licensing, shall accept applications or referral of
- applicants from, or pay a fee to, any mortgage broker or mortgage loan
- originator who is required to be licensed under said sections but was
- 1177 not, as of the time of the performance of such mortgage broker's or
- 1178 mortgage loan originator's services in connection with loans made or
- 1179 to be made by the mortgage lender or mortgage correspondent lender,
- licensed to act as such by the commissioner, if the mortgage lender or
- 1181 mortgage correspondent lender has actual knowledge that the
- mortgage broker or mortgage loan originator was not licensed by the
- 1183 commissioner.
- Sec. 18. Section 36a-497 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- No mortgage lender licensee, mortgage correspondent lender
- 1187 licensee or mortgage broker licensee shall:
- 1188 (1) Advertise or cause to be advertised in this state, any <u>residential</u>
- mortgage loan in which such person intends to act only as a mortgage
- 1190 broker unless the advertisement includes the following statement,
- 1191 clearly and conspicuously expressed: MORTGAGE BROKER ONLY,
- 1192 NOT A MORTGAGE LENDER OR MORTGAGE CORRESPONDENT
- 1193 LENDER; or

- (2) In connection with an advertisement in this state, use (A) a simulated check; (B) a comparison between the loan payments under the residential mortgage loan offered and the loan payments under a hypothetical loan or extension of credit, unless the advertisement includes, with respect to both the hypothetical loan or extension of credit and the <u>residential</u> mortgage loan being offered, the interest rate, the loan balance, the total amount of finance charges, the total number of payments and the monthly payment amount that would be required to pay off the outstanding loan balance shown; (C) representations such as "verified as eligible", "eligible", "preapproved", "prequalified" or similar words or phrases, without also disclosing, in immediate proximity to and in similar size print, language which sets forth prerequisites to qualify for the residential mortgage loan, including, but not limited to, income verification, credit check, and property appraisal or evaluation; or (D) any words or symbols in the advertisement or on the envelope containing the advertisement that give the appearance that the mailing was sent by a government agency.
- 1212 Sec. 19. Subsections (a) to (g), inclusive, of section 36a-498 of the 1213 general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 1214 thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, every advance fee paid or given, directly or indirectly, to a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker required to be licensed pursuant to sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act, shall be refundable.
 - (b) No mortgage loan originator required to be licensed pursuant to sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act, shall accept payment of any advance fee except an advance fee on behalf of a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker licensee. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as prohibiting the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage

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- broker licensee from paying a mortgage loan originator all or part of an advance fee, provided such advance fee paid is not refundable under this section.
- (c) Subsection (a) of this section shall not apply if: (1) The person providing the advance fee and the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker agree in writing that the advance fee shall not be refundable, in whole or in part; and (2) the written agreement complies in all respects with the provisions of subsection (d) of this section.
 - (d) An agreement under subsection (c) of this section shall meet all of the following requirements to be valid and enforceable: (1) The agreement shall be dated, signed by both parties, and be executed prior to the payment of any advance fee; (2) the agreement shall expressly state the total advance fee required to be paid and any amount of the advance fee that shall not be refundable; (3) the agreement shall clearly and conspicuously state any conditions under which the advance fee will be retained by the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker; (4) the term "nonrefundable" shall be used to describe each advance fee or portion thereof to which the term is applicable, and shall appear in boldface type in the agreement each time it is used; and (5) the form of the agreement shall (A) be separate from any other forms, contracts, or applications utilized by the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker, (B) contain a heading in a size equal to at least ten-point boldface type that shall title the form "AGREEMENT CONCERNING NONREFUNDABILITY OF ADVANCE FEE", (C) provide for a duplicate copy which shall be given to the person paying the advance fee at the time of payment of the advance fee, and (D) include such other specifications as the commissioner may by regulation prescribe.
- 1256 (e) An agreement under subsection (c) of this section that does not 1257 meet the requirements of subsection (d) of this section shall be

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voidable at the election of the person paying the advance fee.

- (f) (1) No mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker required to be licensed pursuant to sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as amended by this act, shall enter into an agreement with or otherwise require any person to pay the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker for any fee, commission or other valuable consideration lost as a result of such person failing to consummate a <u>residential</u> mortgage loan, provided the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker may collect such fee, commission or consideration as an advance fee subject to the requirements of this section.
- (2) No mortgage broker required to be licensed pursuant to sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, <u>as amended by this act</u>, shall enter into an agreement with or otherwise require any person to pay the mortgage broker any fee, commission or other valuable consideration for the prepayment of the principal of a <u>residential</u> mortgage loan by such person before the date on which the principal is due.
 - (g) (1) For the purposes of this subsection:
- (A) "Unfair or deceptive act or practice" means (i) the failure to clearly and conspicuously state in the initial phase of the solicitation that the solicitor is not affiliated with the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker with which the consumer initially applied, (ii) the failure to clearly and conspicuously state in the initial phase of the solicitation that the solicitation is based on personal information about the consumer that was purchased, directly or indirectly, from a consumer reporting agency without the knowledge or permission of the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender or mortgage broker with which the consumer initially applied, (iii) the failure in the initial solicitation to comply with the provisions of the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act relating to prescreening solicitations that use consumer reports, including the requirement to make a firm offer of credit to the consumer, or (iv)

- 1290 knowingly or negligently using information from a mortgage trigger
- lead (I) to solicit consumers who have opted out of prescreened offers
- of credit under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, or (II) to place
- 1293 telephone calls to consumers who have placed their contact
- information on a federal or state Do Not Call list; and
- (B) "Mortgage trigger lead" means a consumer report obtained pursuant to Section 604 (c)(1)(B) of the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 USC 1681b, where the issuance of the report is triggered by an inquiry made with a consumer reporting agency in response to an
- 1299 application for credit. "Mortgage trigger lead" does not include a
- 1300 consumer report obtained by a mortgage lender or mortgage
- 1301 correspondent lender that holds or services existing indebtedness of
- the applicant who is the subject of the report.
- 1303 (2) No mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage
- broker or mortgage loan originator shall engage in an unfair or deceptive act or practice in soliciting an application for a residential
- deceptive act or practice in soliciting an application for a <u>residential</u> mortgage loan when such solicitation is based, in whole or in part, on
- information contained in a mortgage trigger lead. Any violation of this
- 1308 subsection shall be deemed an unfair or deceptive trade practice under
- 1309 subsection (a) of section 42-110b.
- Sec. 20. Section 36a-555 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 1311 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- No person shall engage in the business of making loans of money or
- credit in the amount or to the value of fifteen thousand dollars or less
- 1314 for loans made under section 36a-563 or section 36a-565, and charge,
- 1315 contract for or receive a greater rate of interest, charge or consideration
- than twelve per cent per annum therefor, unless licensed to do so by
- the commissioner pursuant to sections 36a-555 to 36a-573, inclusive, as
- 1318 <u>amended by this act</u>. The provisions of this section shall not apply to
- 1319 (1) a bank, (2) an out-of-state bank, (3) a Connecticut credit union, (4) a
- 1320 federal credit union, (5) an out-of-state credit union, (6) a savings and
- 1321 loan association wholly owned subsidiary service corporation, (7) a

- 1322 person to the extent that such person makes loans for agricultural, 1323 commercial, industrial or governmental use or extends credit through 1324 an open-end credit plan, as defined in subdivision (8) of subsection (a) 1325 of section 36a-676, for the retail purchase of consumer goods or 1326 services, (8) a mortgage lender or mortgage correspondent lender 1327 licensed pursuant to sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, as 1328 amended by this act, when making [first] residential mortgage loans, 1329 as defined in section 36a-485, as amended by this act, or (9) a licensed 1330 pawnbroker.
- 1331 Sec. 21. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) In addition to any 1332 authority allowed under title 36a of the general statutes, the Banking 1333 Commissioner shall have the authority to conduct investigations and 1334 examinations as follows:
 - (1) For purposes of initial licensing, license renewal, license suspension, license conditioning, license revocation or termination, or general or specific inquiry or investigation to determine compliance with sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the general statutes, as amended by this act, the commissioner may access, receive and use any books, accounts, records, files, documents, information or evidence including, but not limited to: (A) Criminal, civil and administrative history information, including nonconviction data; (B) personal history and experience information including independent credit reports obtained from a consumer reporting agency described in Section 603(p) of the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 USC 1681a; and (C) any other documents, information or evidence the commissioner deems relevant to the inquiry or investigation regardless of the location, possession, control or custody of such documents, information or evidence.
 - (2) For the purposes of investigating violations or complaints arising under sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the general statutes, as amended by this act, or for the purposes of examination, the commissioner may review, investigate or examine any mortgage

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lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker and mortgage loan originator subject to said sections as often as necessary in order to carry out the purposes of said sections. The commissioner may direct, subpoena or order the attendance of and examine under oath all persons whose testimony may be required about the loans or the business or subject matter of any such examination or investigation, and may direct, subpoena or order such person to produce books, accounts, records, files and any other documents the commissioner deems relevant to the inquiry.

- (b) Each mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker and mortgage loan originator subject to sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the general statutes, as amended by this act, shall make available to the commissioner, upon request, the books and records relating to the operations of such a licensee, individual or person. The commissioner shall have access to such books and records and interview the officers, principals, mortgage loan originators, employees, independent contractors, agents and customers of such mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker and mortgage loan originator concerning their business.
- (c) Each mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker and mortgage loan originator subject to sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the general statutes, as amended by this act, shall make or compile reports or prepare other information as directed by the commissioner in order to carry out the purposes of this section including accounting compilations, information lists and data concerning loan transactions in a format prescribed by the commissioner or such other information the commissioner deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.
- (d) In making any examination or investigation authorized by this section, the commissioner may control access to any documents and records of the licensee or person under examination or investigation. The commissioner may take possession of the documents and records

- 1386 or place a person in exclusive charge of the documents and records in 1387 the place where they are usually kept. During the period of control, no 1388 individual or person shall remove or attempt to remove any of the 1389 documents and records except pursuant to a court order or with the 1390 consent of the commissioner. Unless the commissioner has reasonable 1391 grounds to believe the documents or records of the licensee have been, 1392 or are at risk of being, altered or destroyed for purposes of concealing 1393 a violation of sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the general 1394 statutes, as amended by this act, or section 22 of this act, the licensee or 1395 owner of the documents and records shall have access to the 1396 documents or records as necessary to conduct its ordinary business 1397 affairs.
- 1398 (e) In order to carry out the purposes of this section, the 1399 commissioner may:
- 1400 (1) Retain attorneys, accountants or other professionals and 1401 specialists as examiners, auditors or investigators to conduct or assist 1402 in the conduct of examinations or investigations;
 - (2) Enter into agreements or relationships with other government officials or regulatory associations in order to improve efficiencies and reduce regulatory burden by sharing resources, standardized or uniform methods or procedures, and documents, records, information or evidence obtained under this section;
 - (3) Use, hire, contract or employ public or privately available analytical systems, methods or software to examine or investigate the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker or mortgage loan originator subject to sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the general statutes, as amended by this act;
- 1413 (4) Accept and rely on examination or investigation reports made by 1414 other government officials, within or without this state;
- 1415 (5) Accept audit reports made by an independent certified public

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- accountant for the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, 1416
- 1417 mortgage broker or mortgage loan originator subject to sections 36a-
- 1418 485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the general statutes, as amended by this
- 1419 act, in the course of that part of the examination covering the same
- 1420 general subject matter as the audit and may incorporate the audit
- 1421 report in the report of the examination, report of investigation or other
- 1422 writing of the commissioner; or
- 1423 (6) Assess the mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender,
- 1424 mortgage broker or mortgage loan originator subject to sections 36a-
- 485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the general statutes, as amended by this 1425
- 1426 act, the cost of the services in subsection (a) of this section.
- 1427 (f) The authority of this section shall remain in effect, whether such
- 1428 a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker
- 1429 or mortgage loan originator subject to sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a,
- 1430 inclusive, of the general statutes, as amended by this act, acts or claims
- to act under any licensing or registration law of this state, or claims to 1431
- 1432 act without such authority.
- 1433 (g) No licensee, individual or person subject to investigation or
- 1434 examination under this section may knowingly withhold, abstract,
- 1435 remove, mutilate, destroy or secrete any books, records, computer
- 1436 records or other information.
- 1437 Sec. 22. (NEW) (Effective from passage) No person or individual
- 1438 subject to sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the general
- 1439 statutes, as amended by this act, may:
- 1440 (1) Directly or indirectly employ any scheme, device or artifice to
- 1441 defraud or mislead borrowers or lenders or to defraud any person;
- 1442 (2) Engage in any unfair or deceptive practice toward any person;
- 1443 (3) Obtain property by fraud or misrepresentation;
- 1444 (4) Solicit or enter into a contract with a borrower that provides in

- 1445 substance that such person or individual may earn a fee or commission 1446 through "best efforts" to obtain a loan even though no loan is actually 1447 obtained for the borrower;
- 1448 (5) Solicit, advertise or enter into a contract for specific interest rates, 1449 points or other financing terms unless the terms are actually available 1450 at the time of soliciting, advertising or contracting;
 - (6) Conduct any business as a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker or mortgage loan originator without holding a valid license as required under sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the general statutes, as amended by this act, or assist or aide and abet any person in the conduct of business as a mortgage lender, mortgage correspondent lender, mortgage broker or mortgage loan originator without a valid license as required under sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the general statutes, as amended by this act;
 - (7) Fail to make disclosures as required by sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and any other applicable state or federal law including regulations thereunder;
- 1463 (8) Fail to comply with sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the 1464 general statutes, as amended by this act, or rules or regulations 1465 promulgated under said sections or fail to comply with any other state 1466 or federal law, including the rules and regulations thereunder, 1467 applicable to any business authorized or conducted under said 1468 sections;
 - (9) Make, in any manner, any false or deceptive statement or representation including, with regard to the rates, points or other financing terms or conditions for a residential mortgage loan, or engage in bait and switch advertising;
- 1473 (10) Negligently make any false statement or knowingly and 1474 wilfully make any omission of material fact in connection with any

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- information or reports filed with a governmental agency or the System, as defined in section 36a-485 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, or in connection with any investigation conducted by the Banking Commissioner or another governmental agency;
 - (11) Make any payment, threat or promise, directly or indirectly, to any person for the purposes of influencing the independent judgment of the person in connection with a residential mortgage loan, or make any payment threat or promise, directly or indirectly, to any appraiser of a property, for the purposes of influencing the independent judgment of the appraiser with respect to the value of the property;
- 1485 (12) Collect, charge, attempt to collect or charge or use or propose 1486 any agreement purporting to collect or charge any fee prohibited by 1487 sections 36a-485 to 36a-498a, inclusive, of the general statutes, as 1488 amended by this act;
 - (13) Cause or require a borrower to obtain property insurance coverage in an amount that exceeds the replacement cost of the improvements as established by the property insurer; or
 - (14) Fail to truthfully account for monies belonging to a party to a residential mortgage loan transaction.
 - Sec. 23. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) The "unique identifier", as defined in section 36a-485 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, of any person originating a residential mortgage loan shall be clearly shown on all residential mortgage loan application forms, solicitations or advertisements, including business cards or web sites, and any other documents as established by rule, regulation or order of the Banking Commissioner.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following				
sections:				
Section 1	from passage	New section		
Sec. 2	from passage	New section		

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Sec. 3	from passage	36a-21
Sec. 4	from passage	36a-485
Sec. 5	from passage	36a-534b
Sec. 6	from passage	36a-498c
Sec. 7	from passage	36a-486
Sec. 8	from passage	36a-487
Sec. 9	from passage	36a-488
Sec. 10	from passage	36a-489
Sec. 11	from passage	New section
Sec. 12	from passage	36a-490
Sec. 13	from passage	36a-491
Sec. 14	from passage	36a-492
Sec. 15	from passage	36a-493(a)
Sec. 16	from passage	36a-494
Sec. 17	from passage	36a-496
Sec. 18	from passage	36a-497
Sec. 19	from passage	36a-498(a) to (g)
Sec. 20	from passage	36a-555
Sec. 21	from passage	New section
Sec. 22	from passage	New section
Sec. 23	from passage	New section

Statement of Purpose:

To implement the Governor's budget recommendations, and to implement the provisions of the federal S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]